$\qquad$

Solve the following by using the quadratic formula. $\quad x=\frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^{2}-4 a c}}{2 a}$ Remember 1) all equations must be in standard from first 2) if the equation is NOT in terms of $x$ such as $r^{2}-6 r+3=0 \quad$ You must begin with $r=\frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^{2}-4 a c}}{2 a}$ and not starting with $\mathrm{x}=$.

1) $2 a^{2}=54+3 a$
2) $6 p^{2}-46=-11 p$

$$
\text { 3) } 2 x^{2}-x-7=0
$$

4) $4 x^{2}-7 x-80=-11 x$
5

$$
9 x^{2}-2 x=1
$$

6) $-2 x(x-1)=-5-x$

End June 2020. I hope you had a good year. Take care and good luck with your studies in the fall.

